National Report on the implementation of the Programme of Action on small arms and light weapons (PoA) and the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)

Ireland
English
SUBMITTED

Section 1: Point of contact

Sources	Question	Yes	No	Developing
	National Coordination Agency			
PoA II.4	1. Has your country established a National Coordination Agency or other body responsible for policy guidance, research and monitoring of efforts to prevent, combat and eradicate the illicit trade in SALW in all its aspects?		\checkmark	
	a) Name of agency:			
	b) Address:			
	,			
	c) Contact details:			
	i) Contact person:			
	ii) Telephone number(s):			
	iii) Email:			
	National Point of Contact			
PoA II.5, 24	2. Does your country have a National Point of Contact designated to act as a liaison on matters relating to the implementation of the UN Programme of Action on Small Arms (PoA)?	\leq		
	2.1 Details:			
	a) Name:			
	Disarmament & Non-Proliferation Section			
	b) Organization or agency:			
	Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade			
	c) Address:			
	80 St. Stephens Green, Dublin 2, Ireland			
	d) Telephone number(s):			
	+353 1 408 2392			
	e) Email:			
	brian.mcnally@dfa.ie			
ITI 25	2.2 Is the National Point of Contact identified above also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)?	\subseteq		

ITI 25	2.3 If the answer to Question 2.2 is 'no', does your country have a National Point of		
	Contact for purposes of exchanging information and liaising on all matters relating to the ITI?		
	2.3.1 Details:		
	a) Name:		
	d) I white.		
	b) Organization or agency:		
	c) Address:		
	d) Telephone number(s):		
	e) Email:		

Section 2: Manufacture

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
	3. Are there any SALW manufactured in your country?		\subseteq
PoA II.2	3.1 Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the manufacture of SALW?		
	3.1.1 List laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regulating the manufacture of SALW in your country:		
	3.1.2 Does your country license the manufacture of SALW?		
PoA II.3	3.1.3 Is illegal manufacture of SALW considered a criminal offence in your country?		
	Marking and manufacture		
PoA II.7: ITI 8a	3.2 Does your country require that SALW be marked at the time of manufacture?		
ITI 8a	3.2.1 What information is included in the marking (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Name of the manufacturer		
	b) Country of manufacture		
	c) Serial number		
	d) Year of manufacture		
	e) Weapon type/model		
	f) Caliber		
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
ITI 10a	3.2.2 What part of the SALW is marked?		
	3.2.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark SALW at the time of manufacture?		
	3.2.3.1 If so, describe:		
	Record-keeping by manufacturers		
PoA II.9: ITI			
11	3.3 Does your country require that manufacturers keep records of their activities?	J	J
ITI 12a	3.3.1 What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?	_	
	a) Quantity of SALW manufactured		

	b) Type or model of SALW manufactured	
	c) Markings applied to manufactured SALW	
	d) Transactions (e.g. sales of manufactured and marked SALW)	
	e) Other:	
	[if other, please explain]	
ITI 12a	3.3.2 How long must manufacturing records be kept?	
	[if other, please explain]	
	Actions taken during the reporting period	
PoA II.6	3.4 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal manufacturing of SALW (e.g. craft manufacturing)?	\checkmark
	3.4.1 Details (e.g. prosecution):	
	International assistance	
PoA III.6	4. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regarding SALW manufacture?	\subseteq
	4.1 What kind of assistance do you require?	
	4.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?	

C4:	2.	Internatio	1 4	.e

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.2, 12	5. Does your country have laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?	\subseteq	
PoA II.11	5.1 List laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW.		
	As there is no exporting industry for SALW in Ireland, most applications for the export of weapons relate to the personal exportation of individual shotguns for sporting / heritage purposes. Consequently many of the questions in this and other segments are not applicable. Export control over SALW and associated risk assessments and controls are designed to take account of infrequent exports of single firearms in well defined circumstances.		
	The Firearms Acts 1925-2009 provide for restrictions on the importation of firearms. Any person wishing to import a firearm into the State must apply to the Department of Justice and Equality for an importation licence. A licence will not be granted unless the applicant has a good reason for importing it and granting the licence would not prejudice public safety and security. The Control of Exports Act, 2008, is the primary legislation governing export controls.		
	This legislation establishes an export licensing regime over all exports of military and dual-use goods, including Small Arms and Light Weapons. However, Ireland does not have a manufacturing capacity for these weapons. The control of Exports (Goods and Technology) Order 200912 provides for the control of exports of goods and technology listed in the Schedule to that Order. This Order relates to goods and technologies on what is commonly referred to as the EU Common Military List.		
	Member States are required to control the export of these, and the Order provides they can only be exported "under and in accordance with a licence". European Communities (Intra-Community Transfers of Defence-Related Products) Regulations 2011 S.I. No 346 of 2011 give effect to Directive 2009/43/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 simplifying terms and conditions of transfers of defence-related products within the Community.		
	The Directive provides that the transfer of defence-related products between Member States shall be subject to prior authorisation. It provides for three types of transfer licences to cover such transfers: general transfer licences, global transfer licences and individual transfer licences. Defence-related products are defined as any product listed in the Annex to the Directive which corresponds with the Common Military List of the European Union.		
	These lists are updated annually. The latest list is given effect in Ireland by European Communities (Intra-Community Transfers of Defence-Related Products) (Amendment) Regulations 2015, S.I. No. 88 of 2015. The Government of Ireland assesses license applications for military and dual-use goods under EU Common Position 2008-944, which obliges member states to consider eight criteria when assessing license applications.		

PoA II.11	5.2 Does a person or an entity who transfers SALW require a license or other form of authorisation to transfer SALW from/into your country?		
PoA II.3	5.3 Is it a criminal offence to trade SALW without a license or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a license or authorisation, in your country?	\leq	
PoA II.11	5.4 What kind of documentation does your country require prior to authorising an export of SALW to another country?		
PoA II.12	a) An end-user certificate (EUC) from the importing country.	\subseteq	
	i) What elements does an end-user certificate in your country contain (check relevant boxes)?		
	1) Detailed description (type, quantity, characteristics) of the SALW or technology		
	2) Contract number or order reference and date	\subseteq	
	3) Final destination country	\subseteq	
	4) Description of the end-use of the SALW	\square	
	5) Exporter's details (name, address and business name)	\subseteq	
	6) End-user information (name, position, full address and original signature)	\subseteq	
	7) Information on other parties involved in the transaction	\subseteq	
	8) Certification by the relevant government authorities of the authenticity of the end-user		
	9) Date of issue	\subseteq	
	10) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	A police removal certificate is also required before an export license is issued.		
	b) Other types of end-user documentation:		
	Licenses for personal firearms are provided on the basis of an administrative procedure involving close liaison with the national police authorities and the provision by the police authorities of a removal certificate. This contributes to establishing the bone fides of a transaction involving a personal export transaction.		
PoA II.12	5.5 Does your country verify or seek to authenticate EUCs or other types of end-user documentation provided?	\subseteq	
	5.5.1 Details:		
	Where required, the authenticity of EUCs can be verified through diplomatic channels.		

	5.6 Does your country have measures in place aimed at preventing the forgery and misuse of EUCs or other types of end-user documentation?	\checkmark	
	5.6.1 Details:		
	The presentation of EUCs is an element of a legally-based export regulation system and in that context the presentation of false documentations is criminalised.		
	5.7 When exporting, does your country require a Delivery Verification Certificate (DVC) to confirm that SALW have reached their intended end-user or intended importer in the importing State?		\leq
	5.8 After exporting, does your country verify or seek to authenticate DVCs provided? 5.8.1 Details:		
	5.9 When importing, does your country grant the right to the exporting State to conduct a physical check at the point of delivery?	V	
ITI 8b	5.10 Does your country require that SALW imported into your country be marked at the time of import?	\subseteq	
	5.10.1 Who is required to mark the SALW?		
	The firearms (Proofing) Act 1968 refers to a requirement to have all firearms imported into the state proof marked. This does not include the stamping or engraving of unique reference or serial numbers. Section 3A(2) specifies that it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to engrave the unique number. Statutory Instrument No. 493 of 2010 gives effect to the EU Directive 91/477/EEC on the control of the acquisition and possession of weapons.		
	Section 6 of the SI 493 of 2010 inserts Regulation 3A requiring engraving/stamping of a unique number on firearms imported into the state or into the EU through this state.		
	5.10.2 What information is included in the marking on import (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Country of import		
	b) Year of import		
	c) Other:	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Statutory Instrument 493 of 2010, Schedule 1 part 2 refers; name of Manufacturer, Country or place of manufacture, unique serial Number and year of manufacture.		

	5.10.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark imported SALW?	\checkmark	
	5.10.3.1 If so, describe:		
	Article 2 of the EU Directive gives an exemption to police and armed forces of the state, public authorities and museums.		
	5.10.4 If marked SALW imported into your country do not bear a unique marking when they arrive, does your country require that they be given such a marking?		
	5.10.4.1 Details:		
	Yes. Section 6 of the SI 493 of 2010 inserts Regulation 3A (3) requiring the unique serial number for firearm imported into the state.		
PoA II.9: ITI 12	5.11 Does your country require that exporters and importers of SALW keep records of their activities?	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
	5.11.1 What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Quantity of SALW traded	\checkmark	
	b) Type or model of SALW traded	\checkmark	
	c) Markings appearing on transferred SALW		
	d) Transactions	\checkmark	
	i) Identity of buyer/seller	\checkmark	
	ii) Country SALW are to be delivered to or purchased from	\subseteq	
	iii) Date of delivery		
	e) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	5.11.2 How long must records of transfers be kept?		
	[if other, please explain]		
PoA II.6	5.12 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in transferring SALW illegally (e.g. prosecution)		\subseteq
	5.12.1 Details:		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6	6. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?		\subseteq
	6.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		

6.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Section 4: Brokering

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.14	7. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures governing brokering of SALW?	\square	
	7.1 List laws and/or administrative procedures regulating SALW brokering in your country.		
	The Control of Exports Act, 2008 is the primary legislation requiring export licenses to be issued for controlled products. Control of Exports (Brokering Activities) Order 2011 S.I. No 86 of 2011 The Control of Exports (Brokering Activities) Order 2011 was made pursuant to Section 3 of the Control of Exports Act 2008. It came into effect on 1st May 2011. It imposes a licensing requirement in respect of brokering activities relating to goods and technology on the EU Common Military List as set out in the Schedule to the Order.		
	7.2 Does your country require registration of SALW brokers?		\subseteq
	7.3 Does your country require a license, permit or other authorisation for each brokering transaction?		
GGE Report para 44	7.4 Does your country regulate activities that are closely associated with the brokering of SALW?	\square	
	7.4.1 If so which of the following activities are regulated when undertaken in connection with the brokering of SALW (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Acting as dealers or agents	\checkmark	
	b) Providing technical assistance	\subseteq	
	c) Training	\subseteq	
	d) Transport		
	e) Freight forwarding		
	f) Storage		
	g) Finance		
	h) Insurance		
	i) Maintenance	\checkmark	
	j) Security		
	k) Other services:	\checkmark	
	[if other, please explain]		
	The definition of brokering is wide so that it could cover for example acting as a project manager in relation to brokering or acting as an agent in relation to a brokering transaction.		

	7.5 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal brokering (e.g. prosecution)?	\checkmark
	7.5.1 Details:	
	International assistance	
PoA III.6	8. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to regulate SALW brokering?	\subseteq
	8.1 What kind of assistance do you require?	
	8.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?	

Section 5: Stockpile management

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.17	9. Does your country have standards and procedures relating to the management and security of SALW held by the armed forces, police or any other entity authorised to hold SALW?	riangle	
PoA II.17	9.1 If so, which of the following provisions are included in these standards and procedures (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Appropriate locations for stockpiles		
	b) Physical security measures		
	c) Control of access to stocks		
	d) Inventory management and accounting control		
	e) Staff training		
	f) Security, accounting and control of SALW held or transported by operational units or authorised personnel	\checkmark	
	g) Procedures and sanctions in the event of theft or loss		
	h) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
PoA, II.18	9.2 When stocks are identified as surplus, what actions does your country take with regard to the surplus (check relevant boxes)? a) Officially declare as surplus b) Take out of service		
	c) Record by type, lot, batch, and serial number		
	d) Store separately e) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	(ii outer, prease explain)		
PoA, II.18	9.3 In disposing of the surplus stocks, which of the following methods may be used (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Destruction	\checkmark	
	b) Sale to another State	\checkmark	
	c) Donation to another State		
	d) Transfer to another state agency		

	e) Sale to civilians		
	f) Sale or transfer to legal entities (e.g. museums, private security companies, etc.)	\subseteq	
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
PoA II.19	9.4 During the biennial reporting period, has your country destroyed surplus stocks?		
10/11/19	9.4.1 How many SALW were destroyed?		v
	i) First reporting year (2016)		
	ii) Second reporting year (2017)		
	9.4.2 Any further comments regarding destruction?		
	International assistance		
PoA II.29: III.6	10. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing standards and procedures on stockpile management?		\subseteq
	10.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	10.21		
	10.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6: 14	11. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing capacity for the destruction of weapons?		
	11.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	11.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section	6.	ഗപ	laction

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Collection		
	12. During the reporting period, did your country collect any SALW?		\subseteq
	12.1 How many SALW were collected? [click No if data is not available: go to 13]		
	i) First reporting year (2016)		
	ii) Second reporting year (2017)		

12.1.1 What action was taken with respect to the SALW collected? Provide numbers of weapons collected. [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

	SALW collected		
Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)	
12.1 Collected			
12.1.1 Action taken			
a) Marked			
b) Recorded			
c) Destroyed			
d) Trace request issued			
e) Other action [specify]:			
f) No action taken (only stored)			

 $12.1.2\ If$ further breakdown of collected SALW is available, specify and provide numbers: [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)
a) How many SALW were seized?		
b) How many SALW were surrendered?		
c) How many SALW were found?		

12.1.3 What action was taken with respect to the SALW seized, surrendered or found? Specify and provide numbers. [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

	SALW seized		SALW surrendered		SALW found	
Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)
12.1.2 seized / surrendered / found						
12.1.3 Action taken						
a) Marked						
b) Recorded						
c) Destroyed						
d) Trace request issued						
e) Other action: [specify]						
f) No action taken (only stored)						

International assistance

	The national assistance		
PoA III.6	13. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for collection of the illicit SALW?	\subseteq	
	13.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	13.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section 7: Making and record-keeping

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Marking		
ITI 8d	14. Does your country take measures to ensure that all SALW in the possession of government armed and security forces for their own use are duly marked?	\checkmark	
	14.1 Describe the markings that are applied to government-held stocks.		
	All SALW are indelibly marked to international best practice.		
ITI 8c	14.2 When government stocks are transferred to civilians or private companies in your territory, are such stocks marked to indicate that your government transferred the stocks?		
	Marking		
ITI 8e	15. Does your country encourage manufacturers of SALW to develop measures against the removal or alteration of markings?		
	15.1 Details:		
	Record keeping		
PoA II.9	16. Does your country have standards and procedures related to keeping of records for all marked SALW in its territory?	\subseteq	
	16.1 What records relating to SALW are kept by the State (e.g. manufacturing, brokering, import and export licenses granted, sales to other States, SALW held by State agencies such as the armed forces etc)?		
	Defence Forces and police force maintain accurate records of all SALW stocks. Records relating to the export and import of SALW are maintained indefinitely.		
ITI 12 a,b	16.2 How long does the government keep such records? [please detail]		
	Indefinitley		
ITI 13	16.3 In the event that they go out of business, are companies engaged in SALW activities (e.g. manufacturing, importing, exporting, etc) required to submit all records held by them to the government?		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6, ITI 27	17. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for marking and/or record-keeping?		\subseteq
	17.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	17.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section 8: International tracing

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.10: ITI 14, 24	18. Does your country have procedures in place to trace SALW?	\subseteq	
ITI 25: 31a	18.1 Which government agency is responsible for making a tracing request to another country?		
	An Garda Siochana (Interpol Office)		
ITI 17	18.2 What information does the designated agency include in a tracing request? (check relevant boxes)		
	a) Circumstances under which the SALW was found	\subseteq	
	b) Reasons why the SALW is considered to be illegal or illicit	\subseteq	
	c) The intended use of the information being sought		
	d) Any markings on the SALW	\subseteq	
	e) Type/calibre of SALW	\subseteq	
	f) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Make, Model, Serial Number.		
	Cooperation with INTERPOL		
PoA II.37: ITI 33	19. During the reporting period, has your country cooperated on the issue of tracing SALW with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)?	\subseteq	
	International assistance		
PoA III.9	20. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing procedures to trace SALW?		
PoA II.36: III.6:ITI 27	20.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	20.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		
	International assistance		
	21. Has your country considered providing assistance to examine technologies to improve the tracing and detection of illicit SALW?		
PoA III.10: ITI 28	21.1 Details:		

BIS - Integrated Bullet Identification System (Forensic Technologies) Currently, Detective Gardai from Ballistics Section regularly attend Interpol IBIS meetings and European Firearms Experts Meetings.

Section 9: International cooperation and assistance

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Assistance requested/received/provided		
PoA III.3, 6	22. During the reporting period, in addition to the assistance requested/received mentioned in the Sections 2-8 above, has your country requested / received / provided assistance to implement the PoA and ITI? [if no, proceed to end of Reporting Tool]		riangle
	22.1 If so, in what areas (check relevant boxes)?		
	a. Establishing/designating National Coordination Agency/National Point of Contact		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: (select appropriate)		
	ii) technical: (select appropriate)		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:		
	b. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR)		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: (select appropriate)		
	ii) technical: (select appropriate)		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:		
	c. Capacity-building and training on SALW issues		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: (select appropriate)		

ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
d. Law enforcement
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
e. Customs and borders
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
f. Action-oriented research
a) Nature of the assistance:

i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
g. Children/youth
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
h. Awareness-raising
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
i. Organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism

a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
j. Other
Specify:
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

Section 10: Information and files to be submitted

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Information on national marking practice		
ITI 31	23. Pursuant to paragraph 31 of the International Tracing Instrument, States will provide the Secretary-General with the following information, updating it when necessary:		
ITI 31	a) National marking practices related to marking used to indicate country of manufacture and/or country of import as applicable.		
	b) Please upload/attach information such as images and illustrations:		
	Uploaded information will be shared with INTERPOL, the global hub for firearms and ammunition databases (www.interpol.int/INTERPOL-expertise/Databases).		
	Gender considerations		
BMS6 outcome 59	24. Does your country take into account gender considerations, including promotion of the meaningful participation and representation of women, in policymaking, planning and implementation processes related to the Programme of Action?	\subseteq	
	24.1 Details: [if yes](e.g. percentage of members of the National Commission on SALW who are female, participation in national decision-making on SALW control by the government ministry responsible for women's affairs, participation of women's organisations in programmes relating to awareness-raising, community safety and armed violence reduction).		
	The Department takes gender considerations into account across the board in disarmament policy. Gender issues are considered both in our export licensing advice and our broader policy positions.		
	Gender considerations		
BMS6 outcome 60	25. Does your country collect disaggregated data on gender and the illicit trade in small arms and light weapons?		\leq
	25.1 Details: [if yes] (e.g. percentage and number of women participating in weapons collection/destruction programmes; gender-specific impacts of small arms and light weapons; small arms ownership; homicide; domestic violence.)		
	Additional information		
ITI 31	26. Any further comments on PoA and ITI, including implementation challenges and opportunities? [Please detail]		
	Please upload/attach additional files (e.g. views on the implementation of the PoA and ITI, a national action plan, project proposals, a list of projects implemented and financial contributions provided):		