National Report on the implementation of the Programme of Action on small arms and light weapons (PoA) and the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)

Germany
English
SUBMITTED

Section 1: Point of contact

Sources	Question	Yes	No	Developing
	National Coordination Agency			
PoA II.4	1. Has your country established a National Coordination Agency or other body responsible for policy guidance, research and monitoring of efforts to prevent, combat and eradicate the illicit trade in SALW in all its aspects?		\checkmark	
	a) Name of agency:			
	b) Address:			
	c) Contact details:			
	i) Contact person:			
	ii) Telephone number(s):			
	iii) Email:			
	National Point of Contact			
PoA II.5, 24	2. Does your country have a National Point of Contact designated to act as a liaison on matters relating to the implementation of the UN Programme of Action on Small Arms (PoA)?			
	2.1 Details:			
	a) Name:			
	John Reyels			
	b) Organization or agency:			
	German Foreign Office - Division OR10			
	c) Address:			
	11013 Berlin			
	d) Telephone number(s):			
	+49-30-1817-4271			
	e) Email:			
	OR10-0@diplo.de			
ITI 25	2.2 Is the National Point of Contact identified above also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)?			

ITI 25	2.3 If the answer to Question 2.2 is 'no', does your country have a National Point of		
	Contact for purposes of exchanging information and liaising on all matters relating to the ITI?		
	2.3.1 Details:		
	a) Name:		
	d) I white.		
	b) Organization or agency:		
	c) Address:		
	d) Telephone number(s):		
	e) Email:		

Section 2: Manufacture

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
	3. Are there any SALW manufactured in your country?		
PoA II.2	3.1 Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the manufacture of SALW?	\subseteq	
	3.1.1 List laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regulating the manufacture of SALW in your country:		
	- The Basic Law, i.e. the constitution of the Federal Republic of Germany - The Act Implementing Article 26(2) of the Basic Law (War Weapons Control Act) - The Federal Weapons Act (Waffengesetz) - The Foreign Trade and Payments Act in conjunction with the Foreign Trade and Payments ordinance		
	3.1.2 Does your country license the manufacture of SALW?	\square	
PoA II.3	3.1.3 Is illegal manufacture of SALW considered a criminal offence in your country?	\subseteq	
	Marking and manufacture		
PoA II.7: ITI 8a	3.2 Does your country require that SALW be marked at the time of manufacture?	\subseteq	
ITI 8a	3.2.1 What information is included in the marking (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Name of the manufacturer	\subseteq	
	b) Country of manufacture	\subseteq	
	c) Serial number	\subseteq	
	d) Year of manufacture	\subseteq	
	e) Weapon type/model	\subseteq	
	f) Caliber	\subseteq	
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	for imported weapons additionally the year and country of import		
ITI 10a	3.2.2 What part of the SALW is marked?		
	Marking is applied to an essential and unchangeable part		
	3.2.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark SALW at the time of manufacture?	\subseteq	
	3.2.3.1 If so, describe:		
	If the firearm is manufactured outside Germany/the EU, marking has to be done in the context of import		

Record-keeping by manufacturers

PoA II.9: ITI 11	2.2 Does your country require that manufacturers learn records of their activities?	\subseteq	
	3.3 Does your country require that manufacturers keep records of their activities?		
ITI 12a	3.3.1 What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?	_	
	a) Quantity of SALW manufactured	\subseteq	
	b) Type or model of SALW manufactured	\subseteq	
	c) Markings applied to manufactured SALW	\subseteq	
	d) Transactions (e.g. sales of manufactured and marked SALW)	\subseteq	
	e) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
ITI 12a	3.3.2 How long must manufacturing records be kept?		
	30 Years		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Actions taken during the reporting period		
PoA II.6	3.4 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal manufacturing of SALW (e.g. craft manufacturing)?	\subseteq	
	3.4.1 Details (e.g. prosecution):		
	Under national law in conjunction with the principle of mandatory prosecution, every case of illegal manufacturing of SALW is prosecuted. More detailed statistics are available at the competent authorities.		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6	4. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regarding SALW manufacture?		
	4.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	4.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section 3: International transfers

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.2, 12	5. Does your country have laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
PoA II.11	5.1 List laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW.		
	- The Basic Law, i.e. the constitution of the Federal Republic of Germany - The Act Implementing Article 26(2) of the Basic Law (War Weapons Control Act) - Federal Weapons Act - The Foreign Trade and Payments Act in conjunction with the Foreign Trade and Payments Ordinance Relevant EU directives and regulations apply.		
PoA II.11	5.2 Does a person or an entity who transfers SALW require a license or other form of authorisation to transfer SALW from/into your country?	\checkmark	
PoA II.3	5.3 Is it a criminal offence to trade SALW without a license or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a license or authorisation, in your country?		
PoA II.11	5.4 What kind of documentation does your country require prior to authorising an export of SALW to another country?		
PoA II.12	a) An end-user certificate (EUC) from the importing country.		
	i) What elements does an end-user certificate in your country contain (check relevant boxes)?		
	1) Detailed description (type, quantity, characteristics) of the SALW or technology		
	2) Contract number or order reference and date	\checkmark	
	3) Final destination country	\checkmark	
	4) Description of the end-use of the SALW		
	5) Exporter's details (name, address and business name)	\leq	
	6) End-user information (name, position, full address and original signature)		
	7) Information on other parties involved in the transaction	\checkmark	
	8) Certification by the relevant government authorities of the authenticity of the end-user	\checkmark	
	9) Date of issue	\subseteq	
	10) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		

b) Other types of end-user documentation:

In principle end-users have to agree to possible post-shipment controls (s. 6.11.1)

PoA II.12 5.5 Does your country verify or seek to authenticate EUCs or other types of end-user \subseteq documentation provided? 5.5.1 Details: Thorough examination during the licensing process, background checks etc. 5.6 Does your country have measures in place aimed at preventing the forgery and \subseteq misuse of EUCs or other types of end-user documentation? 5.6.1 Details: Post delivery controls 5.7 When exporting, does your country require a Delivery Verification Certificate (DVC) to confirm that SALW have reached their intended end-user or intended \subseteq importer in the importing State? 5.8 After exporting, does your country verify or seek to authenticate DVCs \subseteq provided? 5.8.1 Details: As from 8 July 2015, the Federal Government has introduced an instrument for performing selective post-shipment controls for deliveries to third countries of war weapons and specific types of firearms to supplement the strict application, stipulated in the coalition agreement, of the Political Principles Adopted by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany for the Export of War Weapons and Other Military Equipment in 2000. 5.9 When importing, does your country grant the right to the exporting State to \subseteq conduct a physical check at the point of delivery? ITI 8b 5.10 Does your country require that SALW imported into your country be marked at $\overline{}$ the time of import? 5.10.1 Who is required to mark the SALW? Manufacturer or importer 5.10.2 What information is included in the marking on import (check relevant boxes)? a) Country of import \subseteq b) Year of import \subseteq

	c) Other:	\checkmark	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Mark of the manufacturer or the importer		
	5.10.3 Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark imported SALW?		$\overline{\checkmark}$
	5.10.3.1 If so, describe:		
	5.10.4 If marked SALW imported into your country do not bear a unique marking when they arrive, does your country require that they be given such a marking?		
	5.10.4.1 Details:		
	A unique marking for identifying purposes is required		
PoA II.9: ITI 12	5.11 Does your country require that exporters and importers of SALW keep records of their activities?	\subseteq	
	5.11.1 What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Quantity of SALW traded	\subseteq	
	b) Type or model of SALW traded	\subseteq	
	c) Markings appearing on transferred SALW		
	d) Transactions	\subseteq	
	i) Identity of buyer/seller	\subseteq	
	ii) Country SALW are to be delivered to or purchased from	\subseteq	
	iii) Date of delivery	\subseteq	
	e) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	5.11.2 How long must records of transfers be kept?		
	Other		
	[if other, please explain]		
	20 years after transfer for all weapons		
PoA II.6	5.12 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in transferring SALW illegally (e.g. prosecution)	\checkmark	
	5.12.1 Details:		
	Under national law in conjunction with the principle of mandatory prosecution, every case of illegal transfer of SALW is prosecuted. Within the European Union, the monitoring of legal transfer is governed on the basis of council directive 91/477/EEC and its amending directives.		

International assistance

PoA III.6	6. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or					
	administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW?					
	6.1 What kind of assistance do you require?					
	6.2 Has your country daysloped a project proposal for assistance?					

Section 4: Brokering

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.14	7. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures governing brokering of SALW?	\subseteq	
	7.1 List laws and/or administrative procedures regulating SALW brokering in your country.		
	Section 4a of the War Weapons Control Act § 29-32 of the Weapons Act (for civilian SALW)		
	7.2 Does your country require registration of SALW brokers?		\subseteq
	7.3 Does your country require a license, permit or other authorisation for each brokering transaction?	\subseteq	
GGE Report para 44	7.4 Does your country regulate activities that are closely associated with the brokering of SALW?		
	7.4.1 If so which of the following activities are regulated when undertaken in connection with the brokering of SALW (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Acting as dealers or agents		
	b) Providing technical assistance		
	c) Training		
	d) Transport	\subseteq	
	e) Freight forwarding		
	f) Storage		
	g) Finance		
	h) Insurance		
	i) Maintenance		
	j) Security		
	k) Other services:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	For embargoed countries specific measures apply		
	7.5 During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal brokering (e.g. prosecution)?	\leq	
	7.5.1 Details:		
	Criminal prosecution is under the jurisdiction of the Länder (Federal States). No central statistics are available		

International assistance

PoA III.6	8. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to regulate SALW brokering?		
	8.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	8.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section 5: Stockpile management

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.17	9. Does your country have standards and procedures relating to the management and security of SALW held by the armed forces, police or any other entity authorised to hold SALW?	\checkmark	
PoA II.17	9.1 If so, which of the following provisions are included in these standards and procedures (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Appropriate locations for stockpiles	\subseteq	
	b) Physical security measures	\subseteq	
	c) Control of access to stocks	\subseteq	
	d) Inventory management and accounting control	\subseteq	
	e) Staff training	\subseteq	
	f) Security, accounting and control of SALW held or transported by operational units or authorised personnel	\subseteq	
	g) Procedures and sanctions in the event of theft or loss	\subseteq	
	h) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Characteristics of stockpile management and security of military stocks		
PoA, II.18	9.2 When stocks are identified as surplus, what actions does your country take with regard to the surplus (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Officially declare as surplus	$ \checkmark $	
	b) Take out of service	\subseteq	
	c) Record by type, lot, batch, and serial number	\subseteq	
	d) Store separately	\subseteq	
	e) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Surplus SALW is stored in secure lockers or in secure accommodations at office level, or in the central armory at the Procurement Office of the Federal Customs Administration. The Federal Customs Administration disposes of surplus stocks by destruction, cession to other national armed authorities		
PoA, II.18	9.3 In disposing of the surplus stocks, which of the following methods may be used (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Destruction		
	b) Sale to another State		

	c) Donation to another State		
	d) Transfer to another state agency		
	e) Sale to civilians		
	f) Sale or transfer to legal entities (e.g. museums, private security companies, etc.)	\checkmark	
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
PoA II.19	9.4 During the biennial reporting period, has your country destroyed surplus stocks?	\subseteq	
	9.4.1 How many SALW were destroyed?		
	i) First reporting year (2016)		
	17938		
	ii) Second reporting year (2017)		
	2385		
	9.4.2 Any further comments regarding destruction?		
	for details s. national report (information exchange SALW destruction)		
	International assistance		
PoA II.29: III.6	10. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing standards and procedures on stockpile management?		\subseteq
	10.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	10.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6: 14	11. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing capacity for the destruction of weapons?		
	11.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	11.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Section	6.	ഗപ	laction

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Collection		
	12. During the reporting period, did your country collect any SALW?	\subseteq	
	12.1 How many SALW were collected? [click No if data is not available: go to 13]		
	i) First reporting year (2016)		
	ii) Second reporting year (2017)		

12.1.1 What action was taken with respect to the SALW collected? Provide numbers of weapons collected. [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

	SALW collected	
Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)
12.1 Collected		
12.1.1 Action taken		
a) Marked		
b) Recorded		
c) Destroyed		
d) Trace request issued		
e) Other action [specify]:		
f) No action taken (only stored)		

 $12.1.2\ If$ further breakdown of collected SALW is available, specify and provide numbers: [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)
a) How many SALW were seized?		
b) How many SALW were surrendered?		
c) How many SALW were found?		

12.1.3 What action was taken with respect to the SALW seized, surrendered or found? Specify and provide numbers. [click No if data is not available: go to 13]

	SALW seized		SALW surrende	ered	SALW found	
Year	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)	i) First reporting year (2016)	ii) Second reporting year (2017)
12.1.2 seized / surrendered / found						
12.1.3 Action taken						
a) Marked						
b) Recorded						
c) Destroyed						
d) Trace request issued						
e) Other action: [specify]						
f) No action taken (only stored)						

International assistance

	The national assistance		
PoA III.6	13. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for collection of the illicit SALW?	\subseteq	
	13.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	13.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Marking		
ITI 8d	14. Does your country take measures to ensure that all SALW in the possession of government armed and security forces for their own use are duly marked?	\subseteq	
	14.1 Describe the markings that are applied to government-held stocks.		
	The following markings apply to police-held weapons: Name of the manufacturer, Country of manufacture, Serial number, Year of manufacture, Weapon Type (model, Caliber, Proofing (testing)), Weapons of the Federal Customs Administration are marked with the acronym "BZV" ("Bundeszollverwaltung"). Weapons built before the 1960s - at that time marked with the identification "BUND" - may also be still in use today.		
	Weapons designated for use in West Berlin until 1989, were not allowed to bear the identification marks mentioned above. Pistols were marked with "AK" (Alliierte Kommandantur = Allied Headquarters); sub-machine guns were only allowed to be delivered to West Berlin by foreign manufacturers and thus bore different foreign identification marks, e.g. "MAS" when built and delivered by a French manufacturer.		
	As far as these weapons came to be in use with the Federal Finance Administration after 1989, they were additionally marked with "BZV". Revolvers only bear the serial number and proof firing stamp. According to sec. 55 (4a) Weapons Act (WaffG), all firearms in use with Supreme Federal and State authorities, including the Federal Armed Forces, must carry the holding authorities' sign (p.e. "BZV" for the Federal Finance Administration).		
	Revolvers only bear the serial number and proof firing stamp. Serial numbers and other marks are stamped mechanically on the weapon with a pressure of up to 100 kilograms per square millimetre. The marks have a depth of 0.4 to 0.5 millimetres. Laser engraved marks used for hardened materials have a depth of 0.025 millimetres. In the case stamped or laser-engraved marks are completely ground off and thus no longer visible, it is possible to restore the original marks by chemical and technical means.		
	Each weapon of the Federal Armed Forces is unambiguously marked and bears the following information: manufacturer, weapon type, caliber, month and year of delivery ex works, serial number, proof firing stamp, possibly additional marks, such as, e.g., maintenance information. The marks are applied in accordance with the standards of applicable technical manuals and are unique. Serial numbers and other marks are stamped mechanically on the weapon with a pressure of up to 100 kilograms per square millimetre.		
	The marks have a depth of 0.4 to 0.5 millimetres. Laser engraved marks used for hardened materials have a depth of 0.025 millimetres. In the case stamped or laser-engraved marks are completely ground off and thus no longer visible, it is possible to restore the original marks by chemical and technical means.		
ITI 8c	14.2 When government stocks are transferred to civilians or private companies in your territory, are such stocks marked to indicate that your government transferred the stocks?	\subseteq	

	Marking		
ITI 8e	15. Does your country encourage manufacturers of SALW to develop measures against the removal or alteration of markings?	\checkmark	
	15.1 Details:		
	Section 24 paragraph 1 of the Weapons Act already stipulates that markings applied to a weapon have to be permanent. The development of further measures to achieve this aim would be welcome but sufficient methods already exist		
	Record keeping		
PoA II.9	16. Does your country have standards and procedures related to keeping of records for all marked SALW in its territory?		
	16.1 What records relating to SALW are kept by the State (e.g. manufacturing, brokering, import and export licenses granted, sales to other States, SALW held by State agencies such as the armed forces etc)?		
	Each arms manufacturer is obliged to keep an arms manufacturing register (Waffenherstellungsbuch) and a register of the trade in arms (Waffenhandelsbuch). registers contain information on the production of arms, the recipients of the arms, the production numbers and the production signs (e.g. registered trademarks or the name of the manufacturer). Upon consultation of the registers, it is possible to determine whether a specific marked arm was manufactured by the company in question.		
	Markings may differ according to clients' wishes, as long as it is guaranteed that later identification is possible. Concerning war weapons, companies have to observe special reporting obligations by submitting bi-annual statements to the Federal Office of Economics an Export Control (Bundesamt für Wirtschaft und Ausfuhrkontrolle; official acronym:"BAFA") on all registered transactions. Every second year BAFA carriers out inspections based on these statements.		
	Other records are proofs of sale, export licenses, import licenses, proofs of licenses. The customs authorities keep individual, detailed records containing the "life data" of each weapon, e.g. name of manufacturer, country of manufacture, serial number, year of manufacture, weapon type/model, caliber, proofing/testing and repairing details.		
ITI 12 a,b	16.2 How long does the government keep such records? [please detail]		
	All license holders are obliged to keep the necessary documents for at least ten years in order to make on-site inspections of the supervising authorities possible. Such on-site inspections take place regularly and may be carried out as challenge inspections.		
ITI 13	16.3 In the event that they go out of business, are companies engaged in SALW activities (e.g. manufacturing, importing, exporting, etc) required to submit all records held by them to the government?		
	International assistance		
PoA III.6, ITI 27	17. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for marking and/or record-keeping?		\checkmark
	17.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		

17.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?

Section 8: International tracing

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
PoA II.10: ITI 14, 24	18. Does your country have procedures in place to trace SALW?	$oxed{oxed}$	
ITI 25: 31a	18.1 Which government agency is responsible for making a tracing request to another country?		
	Federal Criminal Police Office (Bundeskriminalamt)		
ITI 17	18.2 What information does the designated agency include in a tracing request? (check relevant boxes)		
	a) Circumstances under which the SALW was found	$ \checkmark $	
	b) Reasons why the SALW is considered to be illegal or illicit	\subseteq	
	c) The intended use of the information being sought	\subseteq	
	d) Any markings on the SALW		
	e) Type/calibre of SALW		
	f) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Cooperation with INTERPOL		
	Cooperation with INTERPOL		
PoA II.37: ITI 33	19. During the reporting period, has your country cooperated on the issue of tracing SALW with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)?	\checkmark	
	International assistance		
PoA III.9	20. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing procedures to trace SALW?		\square
PoA II.36: III.6:ITI 27	20.1 What kind of assistance do you require?		
	20.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance?		
	International assistance		
	21. Has your country considered providing assistance to examine technologies to improve the tracing and detection of illicit SALW?	\subseteq	
PoA III.10: ITI 28	21.1 Details:		

The German Foreign Office has repeatedly funded projects and studies to deepen international awareness and knowledge on tracing and detection of illicit SALW, including on relevant technologies.

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Assistance requested/received/provided		
PoA III.3, 6	22. During the reporting period, in addition to the assistance requested/received mentioned in the Sections 2-8 above, has your country requested / received / provided assistance to implement the PoA and ITI? [if no, proceed to end of Reporting Tool]	\subseteq	
	22.1 If so, in what areas (check relevant boxes)?		
	a. Establishing/designating National Coordination Agency/National Point of Contact		
	Provided		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: (select appropriate)		
	Provided		
	ii) technical: (select appropriate)		
	Provided		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	Please refer to "Additional information"		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:		
	b. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR)		
	Provided		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: (select appropriate)		
	Provided		
	ii) technical: (select appropriate)		
	Provided		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	Please refer to "Additional information"		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
c. Capacity-building and training on SALW issues
Provided
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
Provided
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
Provided
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
Please refer to "Additional information"
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) $State(s)$ or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
1 T f
d. Law enforcement
Provided Provided
Provided
Provided a) Nature of the assistance:
Provided a) Nature of the assistance: i) financial: (select appropriate)
Provided a) Nature of the assistance: i) financial: (select appropriate) Provided
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Provided a) Nature of the assistance: i) financial: (select appropriate) Provided ii) technical: (select appropriate) Provided b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial): c) Description of the assistance activity: Please refer to "Additional information" d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
Provided
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
Provided
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
Please refer to "Additional information"
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
f. Action-oriented research
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
g. Children/youth
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:

e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
h. Awareness-raising					
Provided					
a) Nature of the assistance:					
i) financial: (select appropriate)					
Provided					
ii) technical: (select appropriate)					
Provided					
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
c) Description of the assistance activity:					
Please refer to "Additional information"					
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
i. Organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism					
Provided					
a) Nature of the assistance:					
i) financial: (select appropriate)					
Provided					
ii) technical: (select appropriate)					
Provided					
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
c) Description of the assistance activity:					
Please refer to "Additional information"					
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
j. Other					
Specify:					

a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: (select appropriate)
ii) technical: (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

Section 10: Information and files to be submitted

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Information on national marking practice		
ITI 31	23. Pursuant to paragraph 31 of the International Tracing Instrument, States will provide the Secretary-General with the following information, updating it when necessary:		
ITI 31	 a) National marking practices related to marking used to indicate country of manufacture and/or country of import as applicable. 		
	no changes to previous reporting		
	b) Please upload/attach information such as images and illustrations:		
	Uploaded information will be shared with INTERPOL, the global hub for firearms and ammunition databases (www.interpol.int/INTERPOL-expertise/Databases).		
	Gender considerations		
BMS6 outcome 59	24. Does your country take into account gender considerations, including promotion of the meaningful participation and representation of women, in policymaking, planning and implementation processes related to the Programme of Action?		
	24.1 Details: [if yes](e.g. percentage of members of the National Commission on SALW who are female, participation in national decision-making on SALW control by the government ministry responsible for women's affairs, participation of women's organisations in programmes relating to awareness-raising, community safety and armed violence reduction).		
	one focus area in project activities		
	Gender considerations		
BMS6 outcome 60	25. Does your country collect disaggregated data on gender and the illicit trade in small arms and light weapons?		\checkmark
	25.1 Details: [if yes] (e.g. percentage and number of women participating in weapons collection/destruction programmes; gender-specific impacts of small arms and light weapons; small arms ownership; homicide; domestic violence.)		
	Additional information		
ITI 31	26. Any further comments on PoA and ITI, including implementation challenges and opportunities? [Please detail]		
	Please upload/attach additional files (e.g. views on the implementation of the PoA and ITI, a national action plan, project proposals, a list of projects implemented and financial contributions provided):		