National Report on the implementation of the Programme of Action on small arms and light weapons (PoA) and the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)

Czech Republic English SUBMITTED

Section 1: National coordination infrastructure

Sources	Question	Yes	No	Developing
	National Coordination Body/Mechanism			
[PoA II.4]	1.1. Has your country established a National Coordination Body/Mechanism or other body that includes SALW control in its core tasks? [if no, go to 1.2]		\subseteq	
	a) Name of body/mechanism:			
	b) Address:			
	c) Contact details:			
	[Mr./Ms.]			
	i) Contact person:			
	ii) Telephone:			
	п) текрионе.			
	iii) Email:			
	d) Composition:			
	i) Number of men:			
	ii) Number of women:			
	National Point of Contact			
[PoA II.5, 24]	1.2. Does your country have a National Point of Contact designated to act as a liaison on matters relating to the implementation of the UN Programme of Action on Small Arms (PoA)? [if no, go to 1.2.3]	\checkmark		
	1.2.1. Details:			
	[Mr/Ms.]			
	a) Name:			
	b) Organization or agency:			
	Control Policies Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Czech Republic			
	c) Address:			

	Loretanske namesti 5, 118 00 Prague 1			
	d) Telephone:			
	+420 224 182 783			
	e) Email:			
	okon@mzv.cz			
[ITI 25]	1.2.2. Is the National Point of Contact identified above also responsible for exchanging information and liaising on matters relating to the International Tracing Instrument (ITI)?		riangle	
[ITI 25]	1.2.3. If the answer to Question 1.2.2 is 'no', does your country have a National Point of Contact for purposes of exchanging information and liaising on all matters relating to the ITI?	\checkmark		
	If yes, provide details:			
	[Mr/Ms.]			
	a) Name:			
	b) Organization or agency:			
	Police Presidium of the Czech Republic, Directorate of the Service for Weapons and Security Material			
	c) Address:			
	Olsanska 2, 130 00 Prague 3			
	d) Telephone:			
	+420 974 834 278			
	e) Email:			
	rszbm.firearms@pcr.cz			
	National Action Plan			
[RevCon3 outcome II.A.5.60]	1.3. Does your country have a National Action Plan on SALW? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]			
	National targets			
	1.4. Has your country set national targets relating to the implementation of the PoA and ITI?		\subseteq	
	1.4.1. If so, describe			
	Target year:			

Section 2: Manufacture

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
	2.1. Are there any SALW manufactured in your country? [if no, go to 2.2]	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
[PoA II.2]	2.1.1. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the manufacture of SALW? [if no, go to 2.1.2]	\checkmark	
	2.1.1.1. List laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regulating the manufacture of SALW in your country:		
	Firearms Act No. 119/2002 Coll., Act. No. 156/2000 Coll., on the proof of firearms and ammunition, Act No. 228/2005 Coll., on control of trade in products whose possession is regulated in the Czech Republic for security reason, Act No. 221/2017, on securing weapons through transport		
	2.1.1.2. Does your country license the manufacture of SALW?		
[PoA II.3]	2.1.1.3. Is illegal manufacture of SALW considered a criminal offence in your country?	\checkmark	
	Marking and manufacture		
[PoA II.7: ITI 8a]	2.2. Does your country require that SALW be marked at the time of manufacture? [if no, go to 2.3]	\checkmark	
[ITI 8a]	2.2.1. What information is included in the marking (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Name of the manufacturer		
	b) Country of manufacture		
	c) Serial number		
	d) Year of manufacture		
	e) Weapon type/model		
	f) Caliber		
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
[ITI 10a]	2.2.2. What part of the SALW is marked?		
	Always at least one of the legally defined main parts (barrel, barrel or chamber insert, frame, revolver cylinder, breech casing, body or frame, and breech or slide)		
	2.2.3. Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark SALW at the time of manufacture?		\subseteq
	2.2.3.1. If so, describe:		

Record-keeping by manufacturers

[PoA II.9: ITI 11]	2.3. Does your country require that manufacturers keep records of their activities? [if no, go to 2.4.4]	\checkmark	
[ITI 12a]	2.3.1. What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Quantity of SALW manufactured	\checkmark	
	b) Type or model of SALW manufactured		
	c) Markings applied to manufactured SALW		
	d) Transactions (e.g. sales of manufactured and marked SALW)		
	e) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
[ITI 12a]	2.3.2. How long must manufacturing records be kept?		
	30 Years		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Actions taken during the reporting period		
[PoA II.6]	2.4. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal manufacturing of SALW (e.g. craft manufacturing)? [if no, go to 2.5]		
	2.4.1. Details (e.g. prosecution): [if yes]		
	International assistance		
[PoA III.6]	2.5. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures regarding SALW manufacture? [if no, go to 3.1]		\subseteq
	2.5.1. If yes, what kind of assistance do you require?		
	2.5.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]		

Section 3: International transfers

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
[PoA II.2, 12]	3.1. Does your country have laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW? [if no, go to 3.2]	V	
[PoA II.11]	3.1.1. List laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW.		
	Firearms Act No. 119/2002 Coll., Act No. 38/1994 Coll., on regulation of foreign trade with military material, Act. No. 156/2000 Coll., on the proof of firearms and ammunition, Act No. 228/2005 Coll., on control of trade in products whose possession is regulated in the Czech Republic for security reason, Act No. 221/2017, on securing weapons through transport		
	Licensing and authorisation		
[PoA II.11]	3.2. Does a person or an entity who transfers SALW require a licence or other form of authorisation to transfer SALW from/into your country?		
	Licensing and authorisation		
[PoA II.3]	3.3. Is it a criminal offence to trade SALW without a licence or authorisation, or to do so in a manner that is in contradiction to the terms of a licence or authorisation, in your country?	V	
	Licensing and authorisation		
[PoA II.11]	3.4. What kind of documentation does your country require prior to authorising an export of SALW to another country?		
[PoA II.12]	a) An end-user certificate (EUC) from the importing country. [if no, go to 3.4 b]		
	i) What elements does an end-user certificate in your country contain (check relevant boxes)?		
	1) Detailed description (type, quantity, characteristics) of the SALW or technology	\checkmark	
	2) Contract number or order reference and date	\subseteq	
	3) Final destination country		
	4) Description of the end-use of the SALW		
	5) Exporter's details (name, address and business name)	\subseteq	
	6) End-user information (name, position, full address and original signature)		
	7) Information on other parties involved in the transaction		
	8) Certification by the relevant government authorities of the authenticity of the end-user		
	9) Date of issue	\subseteq	
	10) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		

b) Other types of end-user documentation:

	In case of non-commercial export of civilian firearms of category A, B, C in terms of the Firearms Act, a priori import consent of a relevant body of end-user's country is required.		
	Licensing and authorisation		
[PoA II.12]	3.5. Does your country verify or seek to authenticate EUCs or other types of end-user documentation provided? [if no, go to 3.6]	\checkmark	
	3.5.1. Details: [if yes]		
	Ministry of Foreign Affairs can, in case of suspicion, verify issued export documents in cooperation with relevant authorities of other countries.		
	Licensing and authorisation		
	3.6. Does your country have measures in place aimed at preventing the forgery and misuse of EUCs or other types of end-user documentation?	\checkmark	
	3.6.1. Details: [if yes]		
	Ministry of Foreign Affairs can, in case of suspicion, verify issued export documents in cooperation with relevant authorities of other countries.		
	Post-delivery controls		
	3.7. When exporting, does your country require a Delivery Verification Certificate (DVC) to confirm that SALW have reached their intended end-user or intended importer in the importing State?	riangle	
	Post-delivery controls		
	3.8. After exporting, does your country verify or seek to authenticate DVCs provided?		\subseteq
	3.8.1. Details: [if yes]		
	Post-delivery controls		
	3.9. When importing, does your country grant the right to the exporting State to conduct a physical check at the point of delivery?	\checkmark	
	Marking at import		
[ITI 8b]	3.10. Does your country require that SALW imported into your country be marked at the time of import? [if no, go to 3.11]	\checkmark	
	3.10.1. Who is responsible for marking the SALW?		
	The importers (holders of firearms licences) must ensure that imported firearms are marked. The only relevant public authority to mark SALW is the Czech Firearms and Ammunition Proof House.		
	3.10.2. What information is included in the marking on import (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Country of import	\subseteq	
	b) Year of import	\checkmark	

	c) Other:	\checkmark	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Proof mark according to the Act No. 156/2000 Coll. (see above).		
	3.10.3. Are there exceptions to the requirement to mark imported SALW?	\subseteq	
	3.10.3.1. If so, describe:		
	Firearms acquired by the Czech Firearms and Ammunition Proof House, Czech Armed Forces, the Police, Intelligence Services, and by similiar foreign bodies and forces, are not compulsorily marked. However supplementary marking is common.		
	3.10.4. If marked SALW imported into your country do not bear a unique marking when they arrive, does your country require that they be given such a marking?	\checkmark	
	3.10.4.1. Details: [if yes]		
	Only for imported firearms from the countries which are not C.I.P. members.		
	Record keeping		
[PoA II.9: ITI 12]	3.11. Does your country require that exporters and importers of SALW keep records of their activities? [if no, go to 3.12]		
	3.11.1. What information must be recorded (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Quantity of SALW traded	\checkmark	
	b) Type or model of SALW traded	\checkmark	
	c) Markings appearing on transferred SALW	\checkmark	
	d) Transactions		
	i) Identity of buyer/seller	\checkmark	
	ii) Country SALW are to be delivered to or purchased from	\checkmark	
	iii) Date of delivery	\checkmark	
	e) Other:	\subseteq	
	[if other, please explain]		
	Trade mark, calibre, serial number		
	3.11.2 How long must records of transfers be kept?		
	30 Years		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Diversion		
[RevCon3 outcome II. A.1(c)20]	3.12. Does your country collect information on domestic incidents of diversion related to international transfers?	\subseteq	
	3.12.1. Number of incidents of diversion related to international transfers:		
	0		

3.12.1.1. Details:

	Actions taken during the reporting period	
[PoA II.6]	3.13. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in transferring SALW illegally (e.g. prosecution)	\checkmark
	3.13.1. Details:	
	International assistance	
[PoA III.6]	3.14. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations or administrative procedures to exercise effective control over the export, import, transit or retransfer of SALW? [if no, go to 4.1.]	
	3.14.1. What kind of assistance do you require?	
	3.14.2 Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]	

Section 4: Brokering

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
[PoA II.14]	4.1. Does your country have laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures governing brokering of SALW? [if no, go to 4.2]		
	4.1.1. List laws and/or administrative procedures regulating SALW brokering in your country.		
	Firearms Act No. 119/2002 Coll., Act No. 38/1994 Coll., on regulation of foreign trade with military material, Act No. 228/2005 Coll., on control of trade in products whose possession is regulated in the Czech Republic for security reasons, Act No. 156/2000 Coll., on the proof of firearms and ammunition, Act No. 221/2017 Coll., on securting weapons through transport		
	4.1.2. Does your country require registration of SALW brokers?	\checkmark	
	4.1.3. Does your country require a licence, permit or other authorisation for each brokering transaction?	\subseteq	
GGE Report para 44	4.2. Does your country regulate activities that are closely associated with the brokering of SALW?		
	4.2.1. If so which of the following activities are regulated when undertaken in connection with the brokering of SALW (check relevant boxes)?		
	a) Acting as dealers or agents	\checkmark	
	b) Providing technical assistance	\checkmark	
	c) Training	\checkmark	
	d) Transport	\checkmark	
	e) Freight forwarding	\checkmark	
	f) Storage	\checkmark	
	g) Finance	\checkmark	
	h) Insurance	\checkmark	
	i) Maintenance	\checkmark	
	j) Security	\checkmark	
	k) Other services:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Actions taken during the reporting period		
RevCon3 outcome II. A.1(c)20	4.3. During the reporting period, was action taken against groups or individuals engaged in illegal brokering (e.g. prosecution)?		\subseteq
. ,	4.3.1. Details: [if yes]		

	International assistance	
[PoA III.6]	4.4. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing laws, regulations and/or administrative procedures to regulate SALW brokering? [if no, go to 5.1]	\subseteq
	4.4.1. What kind of assistance do you require?	
	4.4.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard?	

Section 5: Stockpile management

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piles		
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	\checkmark	
ounting control	\checkmark	
	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
of SALW held or transported by operational	\checkmark	
event of theft or loss	\subseteq	
	\checkmark	
	\checkmark	
al number	\subseteq	
	\subseteq	
hich of the following methods may be used		
	\checkmark	
i	is, what actions does your country take with tes)? It is all number Which of the following methods may be used	ial number which of the following methods may be used

	e) Sale to civilians		
	f) Sale or transfer to legal entities (e.g. museums, private security companies, etc.)	\checkmark	
	g) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Diversion		
[RevCon3 outcome II. A.1(c)20]	5.4. Does your country collect information on incidents of diversion related to national stockpile management?	\checkmark	
71.1(0)20]	5.4.1. Number of incidents of diversion related to stockpile management:		
	0		
	5.4.1.1. Details:		
	Actions taken during the reporting period		
[PoA II.19]	5.5. During the biennial reporting period, has your country destroyed surplus stocks? [if no, go to 5.4]		
	5.5.1. How many SALW were destroyed?		
	i) First reporting year (2018)		
	ii) Second reporting year (2019)		
[RevCon3 outcome II. A.3(b)46]	5.5.2. Any good practice regarding destruction (e.g. detatils on method of destruction [burning, melting, cutting, crushing, others: specify])?		
	International assistance		
[PoA II.29: III.6]	5.6. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing standards and procedures on stockpile management? [if no, go to 5.5]		\subseteq
	5.6.1. What kind of assistance do you require?		
	5.6.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard?		
	International assistance		
[PoA III.6: 14]	5.7. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing capacity for the destruction of weapons? [if no, go to 6.1]		\subseteq
	5.7.1. What kind of assistance do you require?		
	5.7.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]		

Section		

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Collection		
[RevCon3			
Outcome II.			\subseteq
B.1]	6.1. During the reporting period, did your country collect any SALW? [if no, go to 6.2]		
	6.1.1. How many SALW were collected? [click No if data is not available: go to 6.2]		
	i) First reporting year (2018)		
	ii) Second reporting year (2019)		

6.1.1.1. What action was taken with respect to the SALW collected? Provide numbers of weapons collected. [click No if data is not available: go to 6.2]

	SALW collected	
Year	i) First reporting year (2018)	ii) Second reporting year (2019)
6.1.1. Collected		
6.1.1. Action taken		
a) Marked		
b) Recorded		
c) Destroyed		
d) Trace request issued		
e) Other action [specify]:		
f) No action taken (only stored)		

6.1.1.2. If further breakdown of collected SALW is available, specify and provide numbers: [click No if data is not available: go to 6.2]

Year	i) First reporting year (2018)	ii) Second reporting year (2019)
a) How many SALW were seized?		
b) How many SALW were surendered?		
c) How many SALW were found?		

6.1.1.3 What action was taken with respect to the SALW seized, surrendered or found? Specify and provide numbers. [click No if data is not available: go to 6.2]

	SALW seized		SALW surrende	ered	SALW found	
Year	i) First reporting year (2018)	ii) Second reporting year (2019)	i) First reporting year (2018)	ii) Second reporting year (2019)	i) First reporting year (2018)	ii) Second reporting year (2019)
6.1.1.2. seized / surrendered / found						
6.1.1.3 Action taken						
a) Marked						
b) Recorded						
c) Destroyed						
d) Trace request issued						
e) Other action: [specify]						
f) No action taken (only stored)						

6.1.1.4. Details (e.g. types of weapons) [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]

International assistance

[PoA III.6]	6.2. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for collection of the illicit SALW? [if no, go to 7.1] 6.2.1. What kind of assistance do you require?	\subseteq
	0.211. What Aird of assistance do you require.	
	6.2.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]	

Section	7:	Making	and	record-keeping
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Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Marking		
[ITI 8d]	7.1 Does your country take measures to ensure that all SALW in the possession of government armed and security forces for their own use are duly marked? [if no, go to 7.2]	\checkmark	
	7.1.1. Describe the markings that are applied to government-held stocks.		
	All the government-held stocks of SALW are duly marked. Weapons bought on the commercial market are marked in conformity with the Protocol in the same way as other weapons introduced to civilian market. These identification data are also used to register weapons stocked by the government. SALW produced for armed forces in the past are marked in conformity with corresponding standards. They always bear a unique marking and a marking of the branch of the government owning these weapons as part of its armaments.		
	On top of that, other technical approaches to mark SALW can be used for the management of stocks.		
[ITI 8c]	7.1.2. When government stocks are transferred to civilians or private companies in your territory, are such stocks marked to indicate that your government transferred the stocks?	\checkmark	
	Marking		
[ITI 8e]	7.2. Does your country encourage manufacturers of SALW to develop measures against the removal or alteration of markings?	\square	
	7.2.1. Details: [if yes]		
	Use of the best-available technology is required (e.g. laser marking).		
	Marking		
[RevCon3 II.A.4]	7.3. In its marking practice, does your country take into account developments in SALW manufacturing, technology and design (e.g. modular weapons, the use of new materials and 3D printing)?	\checkmark	
	7.3.1 Details: [if yes]		
	These issues are dealt with by the Directive (EU) 2017/853 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 amending Council Directive 91/477/EEC on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons. Czechia takes active part in the in-depth discussions of the EU on this matter. All adopted measures pertaining to marking are conceived to be applicable to all the weapons, no matter of what is the quality of the weapon and the type of production technology used.		
	Priority is given to solutions allowing finding out the marking of a weapon during its visual inspection without necessity to make use of special instruments (which would limit the capabilities of the enforcement authorities). Based on the nonuniformity in marking of small arms, the European Commission issued the Implementing Directive (EU) 2019/68 of 16 January 2019 establishing technical specifications for the marking of firearms and their essential components under Council Directive 91/477/EEC on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons.		

This directive takes account inter alia of the development of modern technologies (namely with respect to the plastic parts of weapons) and actual rules of the International Permanent Commission for testing of firearms (C.I.P.) These rules are in conformity with long established practice in Czechia to mark firearms using identification data. Therefore, although Czechia has not transposed the Commission Implementing Directive into its national law yet, it has been implementing it over a long period.

Here is an example of such a procedure for new materials and technologies used to produce small arms and light weapons (e.g. plastic parts, 3D printing, and so on): For frames or receivers made from a non-metallic material of a kind specified by the Member State, the marking is applied to a metal plate that is permanently embedded in the material of the frame or receiver in such a way that: (a) the plate cannot be easily or readily removed; and (b) removing the plate would destroy a portion of the frame or receiver.

Member States may also permit the use of other techniques for marking such frames or receivers, provided that those techniques ensure an equivalent level of clarity and permanence for the marking. In determining which non-metallic materials to specify for the purposes of this specification, Member States shall have regard to the extent to which the material may compromise the clarity and permanence of the marking.

Information on national marking practice

[ITI 31]

7.4. Pursuant to paragraph 31 of the International Tracing Instrument, States will provide the following information, updating it when necessary: a) National marking practices related to markings used to indicate country of manufacture and/or country of import as applicable.

The Czech Republic is a member state of C.I.P. and the applicable marking standards thereof are codified in the national legislative acts: Firearms Act No. 119/2002 Coll., Act No. 156/2000 Coll., on the proof of firearms and ammunition, Decree No. 335/2004 Coll., on implementation of particular provisions of the Act on the proof of firearms and ammunition

[RevCon3

outcome III.E.20]

Such information should be shared with INTERPOL to be included in relevant databases (www.interpol.int/INTERPOL-expertise/Databases).

Record keeping

[PoA II.9]

7.5. Does your country have standards and procedures related to keeping of records for all marked SALW in its territory? [if no, go to 7.6]

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7.5.1. What records relating to SALW are kept by the State (e.g. manufacturing, brokering, import and export licences granted, sales to other States, SALW held by State agencies such as the armed forces etc)?

Data on manufacturing, brokering, transfers, imports, exports and sale, export licences, firearm permits and licences holders, records on all registered firearms.

[ITI 12 a,b]

7.5.2. How long does the government keep such records? [please detail]

Data recorded in electronic database systems kept according to the Firearms Act are stored 20 years after the end of validity period of appropriate permits and official documents.

[ITI 13]	7.5.3. In the event that they go out of business, are companies engaged in SALW activities (e.g. manufacturing, importing, exporting etc) required to submit all records held by them to the government?	\checkmark	
	International assistance		
[PoA III.6, ITI 27]	7.6. Does your country wish to request assistance in building capacity for marking and/or record-keeping? [if no, go to 8.1]		\subseteq
	7.6.1. What kind of assistance do you require?		
	7.6.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]		

Section 8: International tracing

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Laws, regulations and administrative procedures		
[PoA II.10: ITI 14, 24]	8.1. Does your country have procedures in place to trace SALW? [if no, go to 8.2]		
	Tracing requests		
[ITI 25: 31a]	8.2. Which government agency is responsible for making a tracing request to another country?		
	Police Presidium of the Czech Republic / SIRENE, EUROPOL, INTERPOL national contact points and Directorate of Service for Weapons and Security Material		
	Tracing requests		
[ITI 17]	8.3. What information does the designated agency include in a tracing request? (check relevant boxes)		
	a) Circumstances under which the SALW was found	\square	
	b) Reasons why the SALW is considered to be illegal or illicit		
	c) The intended use of the information being sought	\subseteq	
	d) Any markings on the SALW	\subseteq	
	e) Type/calibre of SALW	\subseteq	
	f) Other:		
	[if other, please explain]		
	Technologies for tracing		
[RevCon3 outcome		\checkmark	
III.F.25]	8.4. Has your country made use of technologies to improve tracing of illicit SALW?	V	
	Cooperation with INTERPOL		
[PoA II.37: ITI 33]	8.5. During the reporting period, has your country cooperated on the issue of tracing SALW with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL)?	\subseteq	
	International assistance		
[PoA III.9]	8.6. Does your country wish to request assistance in developing procedures to trace SALW? [if no, go to 9.1]		
[PoA II.36: III.6:ITI 27]	8.6.1. What kind of assistance do you require?		
	8.6.2. Has your country developed a project proposal for assistance in this regard? [possible to upload relevant files in Section 10]		

Section 9: International cooperation and assistance

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Assistance requested/received/provided		
[PoA III.3, 6]	9.1. During the reporting period, in addition to the assistance requested/received mentioned in the Sections 2-8 above, has your country requested / received / provided assistance to implement the PoA and ITI? [if no, go to 10.1]	\checkmark	
	9.1.1. If so, in what areas (check relevant boxes)?		
	a. Establishing/designating National Coordination Agency/National Point of Contact and National Action Plan		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)		
	ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:		
	b. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration (DDR)		
	a) Nature of the assistance:		
	i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)		
	ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)		
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):		
	c) Description of the assistance activity:		
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:		
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:		
	c. Capacity-building and training on SALW issues Provided		

a) Nature of the assistance:

i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
Provided
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
700 000 CZK
c) Description of the assistance activity:
Safety and security upgrade of ammunition and weapons storage sites (OSCE SAFE-UP)
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
2018 - 2019
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
Bosnia and Herzegovina
d. Law enforcement
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:
e. Customs and borders
a) Nature of the assistance:
i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):
c) Description of the assistance activity:
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:

f. Research					
a) Nature of the assistance:					
i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate					
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
c) Description of the assistance activity:					
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
g. Gender considerations / women, men, girls and boys					
a) Nature of the assistance:					
i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
c) Description of the assistance activity:					
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
e) $State(s)$ or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
h. Awareness-raising					
a) Nature of the assistance:					
i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
c) Description of the assistance activity:					
d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					

	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
i.	i. Organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism					
	a) Nature of the assistance:					
	i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
	ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
	c) Description of the assistance activity:					
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					
į.	Other					
	Specify:					
	a) Nature of the assistance:					
	i) financial: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
	ii) technical: Requested/Received/Provided (select appropriate)					
	b) Amount of assistance provided/received (if financial):					
	c) Description of the assistance activity:					
	d) Duration of the assistance provided/received:					
	e) State(s) or organization(s) that provided/received the assistance:					

Section 10: Gender and additional information

Sources	Question	Yes	No
	Gender considerations		
[RevCon3 outcome]	10.1. Does your country take into account gender considerations? [If yes, click where applicable]	\subseteq	
[RevCon3 II.B.2.73]	10.1.1. Increase understanding of the gender-specific impacts of the illicit trade in small arms and light weapons (training, workshops, gender-analysis)		\checkmark
[RevCon3 II.B.2.74]	10.1.2. Promote the meaningful participation and representation of women in policymaking, planning and implementation processes related to the implementation of the PoA, including their participation in national small arms commissions		
[BMS6.I.61]	10.1.3. Seriously consider increasing funding for policies and programmes that take account of the differing impacts of illicit small arms and light weapons on women, men, girls and boys		
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.76]	10.1.4. Mainstream gender dimensions into your implementation efforts		
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.76]	10.1.5. Exchange national experiences, lessons learned and best practices on the mainstreaming gender dimensions into policies and programmes	\checkmark	
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.65]	10.1.6. Ensure coordination on the implementation of the PoA between relevant national small arms authorities with other national authorities working on gender equality	\checkmark	
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.75]	10.1.7. Ensure coordination on the implementation of the PoA between relevant national authorities and women's civil society groups		\subseteq
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.75]	10.1.8. Others. Specify:		
	Gender considerations		
[RevCon3 outcome II.B.2.79]	10.2. Does your country collect disaggregated data on gender and SALW? 10.2.1 Details:		riangle
	Additional information – Key challenges and opportunities		
ITI 31	10.3. Any further comments on PoA and ITI, including key challenges and opportunities relating to the implementation of PoA and ITI, and national laws, regulations and administrative procedures?		

- a) Details
- b) Please upload/attach additional files (e.g. views on the implementation of the PoA and ITI, a national action plan, project proposals, a list of projects implemented and financial contributions provided):